LOMENTARIA CLAVELLOSA (TURNER) GAILLON: AN ADDITION TO THE MARINE ALGAL FLORA OF NEW HAMPSHIRE. On 13 August 1971, several plants of Lomentaria clavellosa were collected at Dover Point, Dover, New Hampshire. Attached plants were found on rocks about 3 feet below mean low water near the concrete support of the northbound section of the General Sullivan Bridge. It was reported in North America for the first time in 1963, from three stations in Boston Harbor, Massachusetts (Wilce and Lee, 1964). Since 1963, it has also been reported from Marthas Vineyard and Woods Hole in Massachusetts. The occurrence of L. clavellosa at Dover Point is not only a northward extension of its previously known North American range but it is the first record of this species from an estuarine environment in North America. However, although Dover Point is located several miles from the open coast (it is the confluence of the Piscataqua River and Little Bay), its algal flora is unique, with definite coastal as well as estuarine species present (Mathieson, Reynolds & Hehre, in press). Voucher specimens are deposited in the Algal Herbaria at Southampton College, the University of New Hampshire and the University of Puerto Rico at Mayaguez.

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